10 ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KÌ 1 MÔN TIẾNG ANH 9 NĂM 2020 CÓ ĐÁP ÁN

1. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 1

		TRƯỜNG THCS	S NAM HÀ		A GIỮA HỌ iếng Anh 9 ian: 45 phú	
		the word of which s (1m)	n the underlined s	ound is pronounce	d differently	y from the
	1.	A. divide	- B. religion	- C. primary	- D. compris	se
	2.	A. comp <u>u</u> lsory	B. ind <u>u</u> stry	C. hamb <u>u</u> rger	D. er <u>u</u> ptior	n
	3.	A. enjoy <u>ed</u>	B. invit <u>ed</u>	C. mend <u>ed</u>	D. last <u>ed</u>	
	4.	A. ma <u>ch</u> ine	B. <u>ch</u> air	C. <u>ch</u> eck	D. <u>ch</u> ild	
<u>Ch</u>	005	se the correct ans	wer for each sent	ence (2ms)		
		Vietnamese people A. friend	e are very B. friendly	C. friendship		D. friendliness
	3.	Let'sabout r	ny problem.			
	4.	A. talk 3.Vietnam is a	B. talking .country. The weat	C. to talk ther is usually hot the	re.	D. talked
	5.	A. tropical doctor	B. cold me not to stay u	C. warm up too late at night.		D. heat 4.The
	6.	A. advised 5.She was sick yes	B. suggeste sterday,she was a	ed C. insisted absent from school .		D. forced
		A. since friend is fond of	B. so TV in the ev	C. bec ening.	ause	D. but 6.My
	8.	A. watching	B. to watch	C. watch		D. watched
	9.	Some designers ha	ave takenfrom `	Vietnam's ethnic mind	orities.	
		a. inspiration	B. education	C. impression	n	D. tradition
	10.	Jeansall over t	he world today.			
		a. is sold	B. was sold	C. will be sol	d	D. are sold
G	ive	the correct form of	of the verbs in bra	ackets. (1m)		

1. I (see) her recently.

.....

(modern)

- - **4.** He always wears ashirt. (stripe)

Choose the suitable words from the box to fill in the blanks (1m)

Widely, population, religion, exports, instruction, climate, divided, of

Malaysia is a country in South - East Asia. It is a member of the Association of South East Asian Nations .

I.___Read the text then answer the questions: (2m)

The Northern and the Southern parts of Vietnam have very different types of weather at the same time of the year.

In the South, for example, there are two main seasons, the wet and the dry. The wet season lasts from May to November. There is a lot of rain during this period. The dry season lasts from December to April. It is very hot and humid during the time.

The North also has two seasons. They are called winter and summer. Winter lasts from November to April. The weather at this time is cool and dry. The North's hot summer lasts from May to October. During the summer period it is very sunny and wet.

Questions:

1. Is the weather between the North and the South parts of Vietnam different?

2. How many seasons are there in the South?

- 3. How long does the wet season in the South last?
- 4. What is the weather like in the North in winter?

Rewrite these sentences (1m)

ELib

- What a pity! I can't speak English well.
 I wish_
- They built this hotel six months ago.
 This hotel _
- He likes wearing Jeans.
 He is_
- **4.** It isn't necessary for me to wear the Ao dai today. I don't

II. Complete these sentences using the given words (1m)

- 1. She/ wish/ have/ big house.
- 2. Rice/ grow/ tropical countries.

ÐÁP ÁN

I. Circle the word of which the underlined sound is pronounced differently from the <u>others(1m)</u>

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. A

II. Choose the correct answer for each sentence (2ms)

1.B	2.A	3.A	4.A
5.B	6.A	7.A	8.D

III. Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (1m)

1. have seen 2. watching 3. would not rain 4. be done

IV. Give the correct form of these words (1m)

- 1. fashionable
- 2. modernized
- 3. poet
- 4. striped

VI. Read the text then answer the questions: (2m)

- 1.Yes, it is.
- 2. two (seasons) /2 (seasons) / There are two seasons.
- 3.It lasts 6 months
- 4. It is cool and dry.

VII. Rewrite these sentences(1m)

- 1. I wish I could speak English.
- 2. This hotel was built six months ago.
- 3. He is interested in / fond of wearing jeans.
- 4. I don't need to / have to wear the Ao dai today.

VIII. Complete these sentences using the given words(1m)

- 1. She wishes she had a big house
- 2. Rice is grown in tropical countries_

2. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 2

	ĐỀ KIẾM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỪ
TRƯỜNG THCS HƯNG ĐỒNG	Môn Tiếng Anh 9
	Thời gian: 45 phút

<u>Choose the word that the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest (1.0 pt)</u>

1. A. box <u>es</u>	B. go <u>es</u>	C . watch <u>es</u>	D. wash <u>es</u>
2. A. divid <u>ed</u>	B. pray <u>ed</u>	C. arriv <u>ed</u>	D. seem <u>ed</u>
3. A . val <u>u</u> e	B. <u>u</u> se	C. m <u>u</u> sic	D. c <u>u</u> rrency
4. A. invite	B .river	C. shrire	D. primary

.Choose the best answer for each following sentences (2.0 pts).

- 1. We have some_____students for the program.
- A. exchangedB. exchangeC. to exchangeD. exchanging
- 2. I wish you_____camping with us tomorrow

L

ELib

Α.	go B. could go	C. went	D. are going	
3.	She often goes to the_	to pray be	cause her religion is Islar	n.
Α.	pagoda	B. church	C. temple	D. mosque
4.	Nguyen Du is a famous	š		
Α.	poem	B. poet	C. poetry	D. poetic
5.	My home village is abo	ut 30 kilometers	the north of the	city.
Α.	in B. from	C. to	D. at	
6.	Wearing uniforms helps	s students	equal in many ways.	
	A. feel	B. fall	C. felt	D. fell
7.	" Hello. You must be Yo	oko." – "		
Α.	All right Yoko	B. Yes, please	C. That's right, I am.	D. Yes, here is
8.	This school	here ten years ago.		
Α.	built B. is built	C. was built	D. has been built	
<u>III.</u>	Supply the correct for	m of VERBS in the b	rackets: (1.0 pt)	
	1. Mai wishe	es she (be) a good sing	ger.	1
	2. Rice (gro	w) in tropical countries	5.	2
	3. She aske	d me where my parent	ts (live).	3
	4. vou (eat)	Vietnamese food yet?		4

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the sentences (1.0 pt)

1. Many women continue to wear the unique anddresses.			(FASHION)
2. There used to be a big tree at the	eto the village		(ENTER)
3. Herbehavior make	es them like her.		(FRIEND)
4. We were reallyby	the charming city.		(IMPRESS)

V. Read the passage and answer the questions below (2.0 pts)

Last Sunday, Nam went on excursion to Oxford .He got up early and took a bus, so he arrived there on time. In the morning, he visited the National Gallery, Big Ben and the Hyde Park. In the afternoon, he bought a dictionary and a small disc with the words "Oxford University". He met some English students in the bookshop .He was happy to practice speaking English with many foreigners .Although he felt tired ,he all had a nice day.

Questions

1. Where did Nam go last Sunday?

.....

2. How did he go there? 3. Where did he meet some English students? 4. Did he practice speaking English with foreigners? VI. Rewrite the sentences, beginning as shown (2pts): 1. I last saw her three years ago. I haven't 2. Because Hoa worked hard, she passed the exam. Hoa worked 3. When he was a child, he often played soccer He used 4. "What is your address?" Lan asked Lan asked me VII. Put the words/ phrases in the correct order to make meaningful sentences (1pt) 1. going / on / We / are / to / the / a / trip / countryside / next month. _____ 2. have/ They/ in/ just/ the USA/ a/ introduced/ of/ new/ jeans/ style.

ÐÁP ÁN

A. Hướng dẫn chung

1. Giám khảo cần nắm vững yêu cầu chấm để đánh giá tổng quát bài làm của thí sinh. Linh hoạt trong việc vận dụng đáp án và thang điểm. Tùy theo mức độ sai phạm mà trừ điểm từng phần cho hợp lí, tuyệt đối tránh cách chấm đếm ý cho điểm một cách máy móc, khuyến khích những bài viết có tính sáng tạo.

2. Việc chi tiết hóa điểm số của các ý (nếu có) phải đảm bảo không sai lệch với tổng điểm của mỗi phần và được thống nhất trong Hội đồng chấm thi. Làm tròn điểm số sau khi cộng điểm toàn bài (lẻ 0.25 làm tròn thành 0.5; lẻ 0.75 làm tròn thành 1.0).

B. Đáp án và thang điểm

<u>*I.*</u> Choose the word that the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest (1.0 pt): Mỗi đáp án đúng được 0.25 điểm

1. **B.** go<u>es</u> 2. **A.** divid<u>ed</u> 3. **D.** c<u>u</u>rrency 4. **B.** river

Mỗi đáp án đúng đượ	ợc 0.25 điểm				
1. B. exchange	2. B. could go	3. D. mosque	4. B. poet		
5. C. to 6. A. feel	7. C. That's right, I am	1.	8. C. was built		
I. Supply the correct	form of VERBS in the	brackets: (1.0 pt)			
Mỗi đáp án đúng đượ	ợc 0.25 điểm				
1. were 2	is grown 3.lived				
4.Have you eaten					
		s in brackets to com	plete the sentences (1		
pt) : Mỗi đáp án đúng	g được 0.25 điểm				
1. fashionable					
2. entrance					
3. friendly					
4. impressed					
	ind answer the question t on excursion to Oxfore		Mỗi đáp án đúng được		
2. (He went there) by bus.					
3. (He met some English students) in the bookshop					
4. Yes, he di D. (Yes. H	e practiced speaking Er	nglish with them/ foreig	ners.)		
/I. Rewrite the sentend	ces, beginning as sho	wn (2 pts): Mỗi đáp ár	n đúng được 0.5 điểm		
1. I haven't seen her fo	r three years.				
2. Hoa worked hard, so	she passed the exam.				
3. He used to play soco	er when he was a chil D).			
4. Lan asked me what	my address was.				
<u>VII. Put the words</u> pt): Mỗi đáp án đúng		ect order to make me	aningful sentences (1		
1. We are going on a tr	p to the countryside ne	xt month.			
2. They have just introc	uced a new style of jea	ns in the USA.			
		HE END			
3. Đề thi giữa Hk	(1 môn Tiếng Anh s	-			
TRƯỜNG T	HCS LÊ BÌNH	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA	GIỮA HỌC KỲ I		
			ếng Anh 9		

		Thời gian	: 45 phút
Pronunciation.		u	
1. A. p <u>o</u> ttery	B. l <u>o</u> cal	C. contr <u>o</u> l	D . s <u>o</u>
2. A. p <u>o</u> t	B. f <u>o</u> rget	C . c <u>o</u> ntrol	D. pr <u>o</u> duce
3. A. Artis <u>a</u> n	B. est <u>a</u> blish	C . attr <u>a</u> ction	D. handicr <u>a</u> ft
4. A. Sta <u>t</u> ue	B. cul <u>t</u> ure	C . at <u>tr</u> action	D. con <u>tr</u> ol
5. A. environ <u>ment</u>	B. environ <u>ment</u> al	C. entertain <u>ment</u>	D. docu <u>ment</u>

Choose the best option to complete each sentence. Circle A, B or C.

- 1. He _____ his name on a tree and left.
- A. created
- B. carved
- C. cut
- 2. How many balls of wool do you need to _____ that sweater?
- **A.** do
- B. weave
- C. knit
- 3. She is _____ boats on the pillow covers.
- A. embroidering
- **B.** making
- C. casting
- 4. This type of wool is _____ into fabric which will make jackets.
- A. knitted
- **B.** give
- C. woven
- 5. They _____ these statues in bronze.
- A. moulded
- B. cast
- C. wove
- 6.I like listening to _____. The melodies are so sweet!
- A. the radio
- B. movies
- **C.** folk songs
- 7. Visiting ______ increases my knowledge about cultures in the past.

- A. museums
- B. cinemas
- C. hometown

8. Yesterday evening I watched a ______. It was so scary that I couldn't sleep at night.

- A. comedy
- B. thriller
- C. news
- 9. Sitting in front of the computer for too long may lead to ____
- A. fat
- **B.** obesity
- **C.** overweight

10. Spending too much time in the _____ world may negatively affect your life.

- A. real
- B. present
- C. artificial
- Đáp án:

II B	2. C	3. A	4. C	5. A
6. C	7. A	8. B	9. B	10. C

Match the beginnings of the sentences in A with their endings in B. Write your answers in the space provideD.

Α	В
1. I like doing DIY	A. but they don't like going to McDonald's.
2. My friends like eating out,	B. reading books is the most suitable hobby for you.
	C. because it may be harmful to my health.
4. If you don't like to socialise with others,	D. because it saves money.

5. I don't like playing computer	E. they can develop their
games	communication skills.

Đáp án: 1 - D; 2 - A; 3 - E; 4 - B; 5 - C

Read and fill the blanks to complete the paragraph.

When you come to the countryside of Vietnam, especially in Hue, you can see a lot of beautiful girls with a palm leaf (1)_____ hat on. The conical leaf hat is said the symbol of the Vietnamese (2)_____.

The hat is made (3)______ a special kind of bamboo and young and soft palm leaves. The ribs are shaped into a conical form. The diametre of the hat is usually about between forty and fifty-five centimetres; and it is about twenty-five or thirty centimetres high. The ribs are covered with palm leaves which are tightly stitched onto the bamboo frame. Finally, the hat is usually (4)_____ with a coat of furniture - polish oil.

The palm leaf conical hat is mainly used to protect from shine or rain. Beneath the broad rim of the hat do Vietnamese girls look more (5)_____ and charming?

- 1. A. cone B. conical C. conically D. conicity
- 2. A. culture B. nation C. hat D. flag
- 3. A. with B. to C. from D. in
- 4. A. drawn B. written C. painted D. covered
- 5. A. attract B. attractive C. attraction D. attractiveness

Đáp án: 1 - B; 2 - A; 3 - C; 4 - C; 5 - B

Make a complex sentence from each pair of sentences. Use the subordinator provided in brackets and make any necessary changes.

1. There are modern knitting machines. The artisans in my village like using traditional looms (although)

2. Many children like to go to Bat Trang Ceramic village. They can make their own pottery there. (as)

3. We have to follow more than ten stages. We can make a simple conical hat. (so that)

4. Sinh paintings are special. They are burned after worship. (since)

Đáp án:

1. Although there are modern knitting machines, the artisans in my village like using traditional looms

- 2. Many children like to go to Bat Trang Ceramic village as they can make their own pottery.
- 3. We have to follow more than ten stages so that we can make a simple conical hat.

4. Sinh paintings are special since they are burned after worship.

4. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 4

			M TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I		
TRƯỜNG THCS THỤY NINH			Môn Tiếng Anh 9		
			Thời gian: 45 phút		
	e correct answer for each				
1. If you stuc	ly in the USA you can				
A. expect	·		. understand		
	hat he to borrow som	•			
A. needs	B. has needed	C. needed	D. is needing		
3. Last week	Ba invited Liz to h	is family on a day	trip to the country.		
A. join	B. link C	. gather	D. consist		
I. Musicians	have the ao dai ir	n songs for many	years.		
A. sang	B. danced	C. metioned	D. spoken		
5. My home v	village lies near the	of a mountain.			
A. foot	B. elbow C	. leg D	. arm		
6. He	a lot of photos to show th	e trip to his paren	ts.		
A. caught	B. drew	C. ma	ade D. took		
7. If you	to catch the first bus, yo	u should get up e	arly.		
A. want	B. wanted	C. will want	D. would want		
3. Mai wishes	s she her aunt in H	o Chi Minh City.			
A. will visit	B. could visit	C. can visit	D. should visit		
9. The doctor	[.] me not to stay u	up too late at nigh	t.		
A. advised	B. suggested	C. ins	isted D. forced		
0. She was	sick yesterday, sh	e was absent fron	n school.		
A. since	B. so	C. because	D. but		
1. Vietname	se people are very				
A. friend	B. friendly C	. friendship	D. friendliness		
2. Let's	about my problem.				
A. talk	B. talking	C. to talk	D. talked		
l3. Vietnam i	s a country. The v	weather is usually	hot there.		
A. tropical	B. cold	C. warm	D. heat		
4. My friend	is fond of TV in the	evening.			
A. watching	B. to watch	C . wat	ch D. watche		

ELib

15. Some designers	s have taken	from Vietnam's ethnic n	ninorities.		
A. inspiration	B. education	C. impression	D. tradition		
16. Jeans	all over the world t	oday.			
A. is sold B	. was sold	C. will be sold	D. are sold		
17. She asked me h	now to scho	ols everyday.			
A. l go	B. I went	C. do I go	D. did i go		
18. What of	learning English do y	ou find most difficult, Ho	a?		
A. dictionary	B. passage	C. aspect	D. subject		
<u>II- A. Choose a wo</u>	rd in each group th	<u>at has different stress p</u>	<u>oattern:</u>		
19. A. inspiration	B. botanical	C. mausoleum	D. economic		
20. occasion	B. department	C. introduce	D. official		
	of which the under	<u>rlined sound is pronour</u>	nced differently from the		
others:	D invited	C mandad	Dilastad		
21. A. enjoy <u>ed</u>	B. invit <u>ed</u>	C. mend <u>ed</u>	D. last <u>ed</u>		
22. A. exam <u>i</u> ner 23. A. div <u>i</u> de	-	C. m <u>i</u> ss C. pr <u>i</u> mary	D. s <u>i</u> ck		
23. A. div <u>i</u> de 24. A. comp <u>u</u> lsory	B. rel <u>i</u> gion B. ind <u>u</u> stry		D. compr <u>i</u> se r D. f <u>u</u> nny		
24. A. federation	B. impr <u>e</u> ss		D . l <u>e</u> sign		
	. –	erlined parts of each ser			
	<u>s opening on</u> Main St		<u>itences.</u>		
A	B C	D			
		it his grandparents tomor	row		
A			<u></u>		
28. If you want atte	nding the course, you	u <u>must</u> pass the <u>written</u> ex	xamination.		
-	3	C D			
29. Minh and <u>his</u> fai	mily <u>had</u> a <u>two- days</u>	trip to <u>their</u> hometown			
А	ВС	D			
30. Tom asked me <u>do I want</u> to <u>go out</u> <u>for lunch</u> with <u>him</u>					
	A B	C D			
IV. Read the following passage then choose the best answer:					
Secondary school students should wear casual clothes					
I think It is necessary for secendary school students to wear casual clothes when they are at school.					
Firstly, wearing casual clothes makes student(31) comfortables.					

Firstly, wearing casual clothes makes student(31)..... comfortables.

Secondly, wearing casual clothes gives students(32)..... of choice (sizes, colors......)

Thirdly, weaaring casual clothes makes students feel self- confident when they are ... (33)...their favorite clothes.

Finally, wearing casual clothes makes school more colorful and ...(34).....

Therefore, students in secondary schools should wear casual clothes.

31. A. felt	B. feeling	C. to feel	D. feel
32. A. free	B. freedom	C. freely	D. unfree
33. A. in	B. at	C. of	D. on
34. A. lively	B. clean	C. crowded	D. quiet

V. Choose the sentences have the same meaning:

- 35. "Where do you live?" Bob asked me
- A. Bob asked me where I lived C. Bob asked me where I live
- **B.** Bob asked me where do I live **D.** Bob asked me where did I lived
- 36. We couldn't sleep because the hotel was very noisy
- A. The hotel was very noisy so that we couldn't sleep
- B. The hotel was so noisy that we couldn't sleep
- C. The hotel was so that noisy that we couldn't sleep
- **D**. The hotel was very so noisy that we coudn't sleep
- 37. taxi/ we/ late/ get/ want/ we/ to/ home/ so/ took/ didn't/ a/ .
- A. We took a taxi, so we didn't get to want home late
- B. We didn't took a taxi, so we want to get late home
- C. We want to get late home, so we didn't took a taxi
- D. We didn't want to get home late, so we took a taxi
- 38. It is raining now but I don't like it
- A. i wish it will not rain now

- **C.** I wish it is not raining now
- **B.** I wish it does not rain now
- 39. Ann asked me whether I was free that night
- A. "Were you free that night?" Ann asked
- B. "Were you free tonight?" Ann asked
- 40. You should run or you'll miss the train
- **A.** If you run, you'll miss the train
- B. If you don't run, you won't miss the train
- C. " Are you free tonight?" Ann asked

D. I wish it were not raining now

- **D.** " Are you free that night?" Ann asked
- C. If you ran, you'll miss the train
- **D.** If you don't run, you'll miss the train

5. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 5

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TRƯỜNG	THCS	IF	νδΝ	THIFM

ĐỀ KIẾM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỪ I Môn Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian: 45 phút

I. LISTENING (2ms)

1. Listen to a telephone conversation between two friends about their trip to a craft village. Fill each of the gaps in the notes with no more than TWO words or a number. You will listen TWICE.

A trip to Chuông Village

Famous for making conical hats

Location: Phương Trung Commune, Thanh Oai (1)

Distance: 30 kilometres from Ha Noi centre

Activities: learning to make (2) _____; going around the village

Means of transport: by (3) _____

Date: (4) _____, Sunday

2. Listen to a conversation between two friends about a neighbourhooD. Fill each of the gaps with ONE worD. You will listen TWICE.

1. Jollyland is historic	Т	F
2. While walking, you have many things to do.	т	F
3. There are not any parks, good schools.	Т	F
4. There's a real sense of community here.	Т	F

B. GRAMMAR, VOCABULARY AND PHONETICS (3ms)Bottom of Form

* Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlineD.

1. A. th <u>ir</u> d		C . b <u>ir</u> d	D. s <u>i</u> nger
2. A. kni <u>f</u> e	B. o <u>f</u>	C. lea <u>f</u>	D. li <u>f</u> e

* Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete these sentences

3. Villagers are more kind, friendly and warm-hearted than city ______.

A. dwellers

- B. foreigners
- C. beginners
- **D.** movers

4. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, Dong Ho paintings were difficult to sell and many _____ quit their job.

A. craftsmen

B. crafts

- **C.** craftsmanship
- **D.** craft unions
- 5. A famous artisan ______this table beautifully.
- A. moulded

B. carved
C.embroidered
D. cast
6 She was tired, she finished knitting the scarf for her dad.
A. Since
B.When
C. So
D. Although
7. The artistan moulded the clayhe could make a mask.
A. in order that
B. so
C. so to
D. in order to
8. They offered her a trip to Europe but sheit
A. turned off
B. turned on
C. turned up
D. turneddown
9. Vinh is very friendly. He most of my friends.
A. gets over
B. gets on
C. get on with
D. get up
10. I think Ho Chi Minh City Da Nang.
A. exciting
B. more exciting
C. most exciting
D. more exciting than
11. The Central Tower isbuilding in this city.
A. the tallest
B. tallest
C. the most tallest
D. more taller
* Choose the best answer
12. Hung: Thank you very much for your help, doctor.

Doctor : "

A. You're welcome.

B. Yes, I'd love to

C. That's great.

D. Good idea.

Đáp án

1. D	2. B	3. A	4. A	5. A	6. D
7. A	8. D	9. C	10. D	11. A	12. A

C. READING (3ms)

* Read the passage and choose the best answer for each question:

I was born in Ha Noi, the capital of Viet Nam. Ha Noi is famous for its natural beauty, with lots of rivers and lakes. There are many historical places to visit in Ha Noi. The Literature Temple (Van Mieu – Quoc Tu Giam) is the country's first ever historical university. Teenagers often come here to **pray for** high results in their upcoming examinations. As Viet Nam is a Buddhism-oriented nation, its capital has also been the centre of Buddhism for centuries. In Ha Noi alone, there are about six hundred temples and pagodas. It also has a big church in the city centre, a popular place for the few Christians living here. With a population of nearly eight million, the city is quite crowded. However, the public transportation is not **adequate**, so visitors find it hard to safely cross the roads. The city is packed with universities and enterprises, making it the top destination for higher education students and labour workers. Many people from rural areas reside in Ha Noi so that they can get well paid jobs. This makes the city become more crowded than ever before.

1. What is the passage about?

A. a city

B. changes in a city

- **C.** a city in the past
- **D.** a suburb
- 2. What does 'pray for' means?
- A. pass
- B. like
- C. wish
- D. love
- 3. What is the most popular religion in Ha Noi?
- A. Buddhism
- **B.** Christianity
- C. Hinduism
- **D.** both A and B

- 4. How many temples and pagodas are there in this city?
- **A.** 60
- **B.** 360
- **C.** 600
- **D.** 6000
- 5. What does 'adequate' mean?
- A. more
- B. forbidden
- C. much
- D. satisfactory
- 6. Which among this is NOT mentioned about Hà Nội?
- A. natural features
- B. nightlife
- C. infrastructure
- D. labour workers

Đáp án: 1. A; 2. C; 3. A; 4. C; 5. D; 6. B

* Read the passage and choose the best option for each gap:

Homelessness is a problem in many big cities in the world. It occurs when a part of the population does not have any (1) _____ place to call home. Hundreds of millions of people in the world spend at least some time of the year homeless. This is an issue that the authorities are trying to (2) _____. However, there are (3) _____ things that each person can do to help those people. One of the things that you can do to help the homeless is to volunteer your time. If you have a lot of free time, you might go on an extended trip to help (4) _____ homes or improve an impoverished area. Even with just a few hours a week, it is possible to make an impact in your own city. You can also sign up to help at a (5) _____ soup kitchen: most cities have a mission of some kind (6) _____ food to the homeless and offering temporary shelter

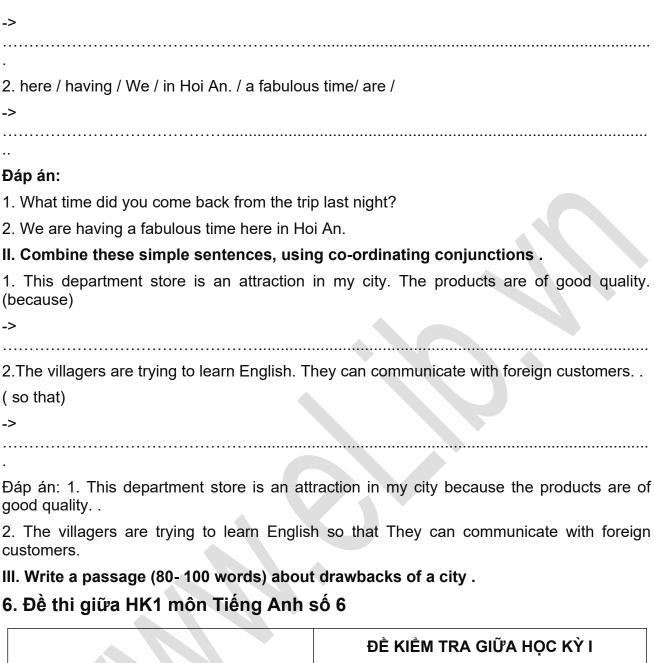
- 1. A.common B.regular C.unusual D.fixed
- 2.A.deal with B.get over C.look through D.find out
- 3.A.little B.less C.more D.fewer
- 4.A.care for B.show around C.set up D.pull down
- 5.A.urban B.central C.capital D.local
- 6.A.cooking B.supporting C.helping D.serving

Đáp án: 1. A; 2. A; 3. C; 4. C; 5. D; 6. D

D. WRITING (2ms)

I. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences

1. come back / did / last night?/ What time / you / from the trip/



	TRƯỜNG THCS ĐẠI NÀ		ĐỀ KIÊM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÝ I Môn Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian: 45 phút		
I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.					nderlined.
1.	A. cr <u>a</u> ft	B.c <u>a</u> rve	C.a	w <u>a</u> re	D.c <u>a</u> st
2.	A. s <u>u</u> rface	B. dr <u>u</u> mhead	C.n	n <u>u</u> lticultural	D.fr <u>u</u> strated
3. A. craftsman B.house-keeping C.c		C. c	o <u>s</u> t	D.preserve	
II.	Choose the	word which has a diffe	eren	t stress pattern fro	om the others.
4.	A. fabulous	B. skyscraper	C.la	acquerware	D.determine
5. A. authenticityB. cooperative C.n		netropolitan	D.multicultural		
III.	III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.				

-	
	-

6.	His neighbours som	etimes wondered	he did for a living.		
	A. why	B. when	C. where	D. what	
7.	Could you please te	ll me?			
	A. It is how far to the	e nearest bus stop			
	B. how far is it to the	e nearest bus stop			
	C. how far to the ne	arest bus stop is it			
	D. how far it is to the	e nearest bus stop			
8.	Marigold wondered	Kevin an	d Ruth would be at t	he party.	
	A. that	B. whether	C. if	D . B & C	
9.	He asked me "	?"			
	A. How long you ha	ve studied English.	B. How long had yo	u studied English	
	C. How long you ha	d study English	D. How long you ha	d studied English	
	While many teacher ed more social skills.		time teaching	skills, students often	
	A. study	B. studied	C. study's	D. studies	
11.	I am not sure	I can solve this	problem.		
	A. how	B. what	C. who	D. by whom	
12.	She asked me	the seat	or not.		
	A. if – had occupied		C. whether – was of	ccupied	
	C. if – has been occ	upied	D. whether – occup	ied	
	By the age of 15, tearing the age of 15, tearing the age of 15, tearing the second sec	enagers are better a	ble to a	more demanding	
	A. solve	B. operate	C . handle	D. deal	
14.	My parents asked m	ne to find out	it gave you so i	much trouble.	
	A. what	B. which	C. why	D. where	
15.	The policeman aske	ed us			
	A. had any of us see	en the accident happ	ben		
	B. if had any of us s	een the accident ha	ppen		
	C. whether any of us had seen the accident happen				
	D. that if any of us had seen the accident happen				

IV. Fill in each blank in the passage with the correct word from the box. There are some extra words.

luxury cleanest cultures busiest skyscrapers perfect neighbourhoods liveable

Singapore is the most (16)_____ city in Southeast Asia, but it is a rather expensive place to live. Public transportation goes to everywhere, and getting a permit to drive a car

costs you a lot of money. Therefore, it is one of the (17)______cities in the world, too. Besides the (18)______in Clark Quay, Singapore is a melting pot of Western, Indian, Chinese, and Malay (19)_____. The diverse culture of Singapore makes it a (20)_____ _____ place for fine shopping and dining. You can lie on Singapore's own beaches on Sentosa Island or go to great beaches in Indonesia not far away.

V. Write each sentence so that it has a similar meaning and contains the word in brackets. Make sure that you use the correct verb form.

21. Paul arrived when everyone had gone home. (**up**)

22. We should not make an important decision until we have thought carefully about it. (think)

We should _____an important decision.

23. She always has a good relationship with the children. (**on**)

She always ____

24. I don't believe a word he said; he just invented the story. (**up**)

I don't believe a word he said: he just _____.

25. Would you mind taking care of my bicycle while I'm away for a while? (after)

Would you mind _____ while I'm away for a while?

VI. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

We know that nowadays students (26) _____ from test stress, and there are a few of the biggest causes. First, it is important to do your best and study hard, but you may push yourself too much to get a high grade, and (27)_can be hard to deal with. Second, many schools want to show high test grades from their students to (28)____ that they are doing a good job of educating them. Therefore, they have high expectations for the teachers, who (29) have high expectations for the students. In addition, most parents want to see great school (30)_____, and they can start pushing their children when test time (31). Moreover, if you had a (32)______ time with a test in the past, or if you have (33) poorly on one or more tests, you could feel anxious about the next one. Finally, sometimes other students can (34)_____ rumors about a test, or you might hear things from older friends and siblings. Rumors like "That teacher's tests are totally impossible to pass!" can make you a lot (35)_____ nervous.

26. A. suffer	B. prevent	C.experience	D. show
27. A. force	B. causes	C.grades	D.pressure
28. A. make	B. prove	C.discover	D.try
29. A. after	B. again	C.then	D. than
30. A. events	B. reports	C.descriptions	D.statements
31. A. comes are	ound B. comes through	C.comes to	D.comes under
32. A. bad	B. low	C.pleasant	D. harmful
33. A. come	B. taken	C.made	D. done
34. A. expand	B. spread	C.reach	D.extend

D.less

35. A. much B. over C. more

VII. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, Cor D for each question.

To preserve and develop traditional craft villages, in recent years, the local authorities have conducted preservation of four traditional crafts: brocade weaving, silver carving, blacksmithing, and carpentry to bring about economic and social efficiency for the development of provincial tourism...

Currently, the province of Lao Cai has formed the clear models of traditional villages. Cat Cat village has gradually built its brand with the forging and casting products, textiles of linens of Hmong people. The famous alcohol villages have found their footholds in the market such as Pho village corn wine (Bac Ha), Xeo village wine (in Bat Xat commune)

The villages in the province have been associated with tourism spots and promote tourism development in the community, improve living standards of many families through their home business, selling handicrafts, brocade products.

In the past, in the villages in Sa Pa, people mostly make their living in agriculture, forestry, but now there have been many households getting involved in tourism activities of the village.

With the aim of preserving and developing traditional village linked to tourism development, most of the villages have created its own **definition** for tourists to learn and explore. In particular, brocade weaving is dominant, serving the needs of families and tourists. Only in Sa Pa district has 11 embroidery and weaving villages, in Ta Phin village, and San Sa Ho village with about 1000 households participating and a number of groups from the district women society, put on the market each year more than 30,000 metres of fabri**C**. Other districts like Van Ban, Bac Ha have also formed several embroidery villages, attracting thousands of workers.

36. Cat Cat village is famous for_

A.com wine B.its textiles of linens C.black smithing D.silver carving

37. The purpose of preservation of traditional craft villages is bringing about ____

A.the clear models of traditional villages **B.**weaving 30,000 metres of fabric

C.the start of tourism **D**.economic and social development

38. We can infer from the passage that tourism has _____.

A.raised labour income in rural areas B.made all farmers quit farming

C.prevented forests from being cut down **D**.found its footholds in the market

39. All of the following are true EXCEPT that_____

A.brocade weaving has become the most important craft in Sa Pa and nearby districts

B.local people can sell brocade handicrafts, products to tourists

C.other districts should start preserving their crafts like Sa Pa

D.preservation of traditional crafts can be associated with tourism

- 40. The word "**definition**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to ______.
 - A.descriptions of features B.ex
 - **B.**explanation of the meaning
 - **C.**quality of being clear

D.what tourism means

7. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 7

TRƯỜNG THCS CẨM XUYÊN

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỪ I Môn Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian: 45 phút

I. Phonetics

Find the word with different sound in the underlined part in each line.

1. A. attr <u>a</u> ction	B. artis <u>a</u> n	C. fr <u>a</u> me	D. h <u>a</u> ndicraft
2. A. dr <u>u</u> mhead	B. ill <u>u</u> stration	C. earpl <u>u</u> g	D . dr <u>ug</u> store
3. A. str <u>i</u> p	B. v <u>i</u> sual	C. art <u>i</u> stic	D. rem <u>i</u> nd
4. A. thr <u>ea</u> d	B. tr <u>ea</u> t	C. pl <u>ea</u> sure	D. d <u>ea</u> dline
5. A. <u>e</u> mbroider	B. pr <u>e</u> serve	C. ben <u>e</u> fit	D. eff <u>e</u> ct

Find the word which has a different stress pattern.

6. A. craftsman	B. layer	C. sculpture	D . preserve
7. A. lacquerware	B. absolute	C. pollution	D. permanent

II. Choose the best word or phrase (A, B, C or D) to complete each sentence below.

- 8. She presented me with a new blanket on which she _____ some beautiful flowers.
- A. knitted
- **B.** embroidered
- **C.** moulded
- **D.** carved
- 9. All the main parts of this machine are _____ of steel.
- A. made
- B. done
- C. woven
- **D.** give

10. My parents once took me to Bat Trang village. I could make my own ___ there. I really enjoyed it.

- A. pottery
- B. lacquer
- C. painting
- D. sculpture

ELib

11. _____ he's spent a lot of money to decorate his shop, he cannot make any more profit.

- A. In order to
- **B.** Although
- C. So that
- D. Because of
- 12. This company has gone bankrupt. Do you know who will _____?
- A. take care of it
- B. look after it
- C. take it over
- **D.** turn it up

13. The people in my village cannot earn enough money for their daily life. They can't _ this traditional craft. They have to find other jobs.

- A. help out
- **B.** live on
- C. work on
- **D.** set up
- 14. Do you know who's.....his pottery workshop?
- **A.** bringing out
- B. taking over
- **C.** passing down
- D. turning down
- 15. When did your grandparents set......this workshop?
- **A.** up
- B. off
- **C.** out

D. in

III. Write the correct form of the verb in brackets to complete the following sentences

- 16. We don't enjoy (use) as cheap labor; we're tired of (work) for low wages.
- 17. His doctor advised him (give up) his job.
- 18. Would you like (go) fishing with me this afternoon.
- 19. It took me three days (find) out the old photograph.
- 20. He discovered how (open) the safe.
- 21. She doesn't old enough (travel) by herself.
- 22. I suggest (do) some more mathematical puzzles.
- 23. Mary and I are looking forward to (see) you.

24. His mother lets him (do) the housework.

25. It's not easy (speak) English well.

IV. Complete the passage with the suitable provided words.

City in the sky

has; different; cool; enough; next; a; in; if; high; on;

Dubai, in the United Arab Emirates, is (26) ______ from other cities. It is a city of glass skyscrapers (27) _____ the desert. One of these is the incredible Burj Khalifa skyscraper. It is 828 meters (28) _____ and has got more than 160 floors. You can see it from about 100 kilometers away. The temperature in the desert is sometimes 50oC, but it's (29) _____ inside this modern building.

This amazing skyscraper is large (30) ______ for 25,000 people. It has got (31) _____ luxury hotel, offices, restaurants, swimming pools, libraries, a gym and 900 expensive flats. From the visitors area (32) ______ the 124th floor, the cars in the streets below are tiny. The tower (33) ______ got 75 very fast lifts, but there are also lots of stairs if you've got lots of energy!

In the Burj Khalifa area there are parks and a large lake. There is a big shopping center (34) _____ to the tower. This enormous building has got over 1,200 luxury shops. The city of Dubai is a fantastic place, but only (35) _____ you are rich and you like shopping.

V. Read the passage and circle the best answer A, B or C.

I was born in Ha Noi, the capital of Viet Nam. Ha Noi is famous for its natural beauty, with lots of rivers and lakes. There are many historical places to visit in Ha Noi. The Literature Temple (Van Mieu – Quoc Tu Giam) is the country's first ever historical university. Teenagers often come here to **pray for** high results in their upcoming examinations. As Viet Nam is a Buddhism-oriented nation, its capital has also been the centre of Buddhism for centuries. In Ha Noi alone, there are about 600 temples and pagodas. It also has a big church in the city centre, a popular place for the few Christians living here. With a population of nearly eight million, the city is quite crowded. However, the public transportation is not **adequate**, so visitors find it hard to safely cross the roads. The city is packed with universities and enterprises, making it the top destination for higher education students and labour workers. Many people from rural areas reside in Ha Noi so that they can get well-paid jobs. This makes the city become more crowded than ever before

36. What is the passage about?

A. a city

- **B.** changes in a city
- C. a city in the past
- 37. What does 'pray for' means?
- A. pass
- B. like
- C. wish
- 38. What is the most popular religion in Ha Noi?
- A. Buddhism

ELib

- B. Christianity
- C. both A and B
- 39. What does 'adequate' mean?
- A. satisfactory
- B. abundant
- C. much
- 40. Which among this is NOT mentioned about Ha Noi?
- A. natural features
- B. nightlife
- C. infrastructure

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences in such a way that means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

- 41. The last time he wrote to his friend was 2 months ago.
- -> He
- 42. They began playing football at 4. 30 p.m.
- -> They
- 43. It's five weeks since we last met each other.
- -> We
- 44. She hasn't seen that man before.
- -> lt's
- 45. When did your father start working in this factory?
- -> How long
- 46. It's the first time Mary has gone to Viet Nam.
- -> Mary
- 47. I am taught English by my mother every day.
- -> My mother.....
- 48. They have just built a new church near my house
- -> A new

ÐÁP ÁN

I. 1. C 2. B 3.D 4.B 5.D 6. D 7. C

- II. 8. B 9. A 10.A 11.B 12.C 13.B 14.B 15. A
- III.
- 16.using , working 17.to give up 18.to go 19.to find 20.to open
- 21.to travel 22.doing 23.seeing 24.do 25.to speak
- IV. 26. different 27. in 28. high 29. cool 30. enough

- 31. a 32. on 33. has 34. if 35. next
- V. 36. A 37. C 38.A 39.A 40. B

VI.

- 41. He hasn't written to his friend for two months.
- 42. They have played football since 4. 30 p.m
- 43. We haven't met each other for five weeks
- 44. It's the first time she has seen that man.
- 45. How long has your father worked in this factory?
- 46. Mary hasn't gone to Viet Nam before.
- 47. My mother teaches me English everyday.
- 48. A new church has just been built near my house.

8. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 8

			ĐỀ KIẾM T	RA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I	
	TRƯỜNG THCS TRƯỜNG CHINH		Môn Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian: 45 phút		
Fii	nd the word which	has different sound	in the underlined	part.	
1.	A. <u>e</u> ndangered	B. <u>ge</u> neration	C. acc <u>e</u> pt	D. m <u>e</u> morable	
2.	A. tr <u>a</u> ditional	B. <u>a</u> uthority	C. h <u>a</u> ndicraft	D. gr <u>a</u> ndparent	
3.	A. <u>e</u> nvironment	B. r <u>e</u> peat	C. <u>e</u> mbroider	D. transf <u>e</u> r	
4.	A. p <u>o</u> ttery	B. <u>o</u> pinion	C. communicate	D. behavi <u>o</u> r	
Cł	noose the best one	e (A, B, C or D) to co	mplete the sentend	ce.	
		e change of the econo quit their job.	mic situation, Dong	Ho paintings were difficult to	
	A. craftsmen	B. crafts	C. craftsmanship	D. craft unions	
	The Van Phuc silk tisfy the varied dem		nded their silk garm	ent goods they can	
	A. so that	B. in order to	C. despite	D. because	
	It turned out that w veral hours.	ve rushed to	o the airport as the p	blane was delayed by	
	A. hadn't	B. should have	C. needn't have	D. mustn't	
nig	•			ne "ghost" markets set up at It built a new market five	
	A. after	B. as soon as	C. when	D. until	
	Since changing the for	e way of production, n	nany craftsmen have	e voluntarily joined together	
	A. cooperatives	B. cooperative	C. cooperates	D. cooperation	
6.	I don't like to ask p	people for help but I w	onder if you could $_$	me a favour.	
	A. make	B. do	C. find	D. pick	
	Nowadays, Tan C eet customers' dem		uce silk of multiple o	colours they can	
	A. but	B. in order	C. so	D. so that	
	Situated on the ba aking Dong Ho pain	nk of the Duong river, tings.	the village was fam	ious for the of	
	A. manufacture	B. activity	C. craft	D. production	
9.	There was no	in continuing for	r him the race was c	over.	
	A. value	B. worth	C. point	D. profit	

10. ______ a large number of the country's crafts villages are suffering from a shortage of human resources and difficulties in building brand recognition, many international organizations have had projects to help them. C. However A. Even **B.** Although D. But 11. Vietnamese traditional _____ is done with a simple hammer and chisel. **A.** sculptured feature **B.** sculptor **C.** sculpture pieces **D.** sculpture 12. This cloth _____ very thin. A. feels **B.** touches C. holds D. handles 13. It was only ______ he told me his surname that I realized that we had been to the same school. A. until **B**. when C. since **D**. then 14. _____ a majority of Vietnamese small and medium enterprises do not have inhouse designers or specialized design staff, they have to hire freelance designers. **C.** Due to A. While **B.** Since **D.** Despite the fact 15. Now, at the age of over 80, the artisan is leaving the craft to his descendants with the desire to ______ this ancient craft. B. consider A. change **C.** preserve **D**. reserve 16. For that artisans, making the paintings is a career ______ it supports the life of many generations of the family. C. so that A. because of D. because **B.** although in 1667, still stands in Quan Thanh Temple. 17. The four-ton statue of hero Tran Vu, ____ C. cast A. to cast **B.** to be vast **D.** casting 18. Her business must be going rather well, by _____ the car she drives. **C.** inferring **A.** deducing **B.** deciding **D.** judging 19.1'm afraid this vase is anything but antique - In fact, it's **B.** worthless A. pointless **C.** meaningless **D.** hopeless 20. He couldn't his father that he was telling the truth. **B.** confide **C.** trust A. admit **D.** convince Complete the sentences with suitable subordinators from the box. as soon as before although while because so that 1. _____ I go out tonight, I will have to finish this essay. 2. Phong burnt his hand _____ he was cooking dinner. 3. Laura always gets up early every morning ______ she's not late for her work. 4. Mr. Harrison seems to have a lot of money _____ he lives in a luxurious house.

5. _____ I was waiting for the bus, I saw some foreign tourists.

6. They didn't win the game _____ they played very well.

7. The children are very excited	_ they're going to visit a craft village this
weekend.	

8. We will tell Alice about the trip _____ we meet her.

9. _____ it rained a lot, they enjoyed their holiday.

10. I bought a new pair of glasses ______ I can see better.

Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

In the Mekong Delta, Long Dinh village of Tien Giang province is famous for its traditional craft of weaving flowered mats. The mat's high quality makes them popular domestically, and they are also exported to markets worldwide including Korea, Japan and America.

In spite of its well-established reputation for this traditional craft, mat weaving only started here some 50 years ago. It was first introduced by immigrants from Kim Son, a famous mat weaving village in the northern province of Ninh Binh. However, the technique of weaving sedge mats in Long Dinh, as compared with other places in the South, is somewhat different. Long Dinh branded mats are thicker and have more attractive colours and patterns.

Weaving sedge mats is similar to growing rice. Long Dinh mat production mainly occurs during the dry season, from January to April. Weavers have to work their hardest in May and June, otherwise, when the rainy season starts in July, they will have to put off finishing their products till the next dry season. No matter how much work it requires, Long Dinh mat producers stick with this occupation, as it brings a higher income than growing rice.

This trade provides employment for thousands of local labourers. At present, nearly 1,000 households in Long Dinh village live on weaving mats. To better meet market demands, Long Dinh mat weavers have created more products in addition to the traditional sedge mats. Particularly, they are producing a new type of mat made from the dried stalks of water hyacinth, a common material in the Mekong Delta.

Thanks to the planning and further investment, the mat weaving occupation has indeed brought in more income for local residents. Their living standards have improved considerably, resulting in better conditions for the whole village.

- 1. In order to meet market demands, artisans in Long Dinh _____.
 - A. try to produce various types of products
 - B. stop producing the traditional sedge mats
 - C. produce new Products from rare material
 - D. for thousands of local labourers
- 2. We can infer from the sentence "Weaving sedge mats is similar to growing rice" that
 - A. both bring similar income
 - B. both occur at the same time
 - C. both depend on weather conditions
 - D. both occur on the same land

- 3. Despite difficulties, people in Long Dinh try to follow the craft because _____.
 - A. they can make the techniques of weaving different
 - **B.** they can earn more money than growing rice
 - **C.** they can have jobs in the rainy months
 - **D.** they can go to Korea, Japan and America
- 4. We can infer from the passage that _____
 - **A.** the craft contributes much to the village economy
 - **B.** most of the households in Long Dinh village live on weaving mats
 - C. the new technique makes labourers work in the dry season
 - **D.** Long Dinh mat production is only well-known in foreign markets
- 5. All of the following are true about the craft in Long Dinh EXCEPT that
 - A. the techniques are a little bit different from those in other regions
 - **B.** the mats have more attractive colours and designs
 - C. it has the origin from Kim Son, Ninh Binh
 - **D.** it has had the reputation for more than 50 years

By using the words in brackets, join each of the following sentences into logical ones. You may need to change some of the words.

1. A student has studied English for a few years. He may have a vocabulary of thousands of words. (who)

2. Between formal and colloquial English there is unmarked English. It is neither so literary and serious as formal English, nor so casual and free as colloquial English. **(which)**

3. He bought a jeep. His friend advised him against it. (although)

4. Good writing requires general and abstract words as well as specific and concrete ones. It is the latter that make writing vivid, real and clear. **(though)**

5. It was raining hard. They could not work in the fields. (so ... that)

^{6.} The politician is concerned with successful elections. The statesman is interested in the future of his people. **(whereas)**

7. The results of the experiment were successful. The school refused to give any help. (although)

8. He chose to study computer science. Computer science has good employment prospects. (because of)

9. Mary walked very slowly. She did not catch the train. (if)

10. He is not coming. The meeting will be put off till next week. (in the event of)

9. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 9

TRƯỜNG THCS BẠCH ĐẰNG

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ I Môn Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian: 45 phút

PART 1: LANGUAGE COMPONENT (2.5ms)

A

I. Choose the word whose <u>underlined</u> part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,5 pt)

1.	A. Correspond	B. grocery	C. pa <u>go</u> da	D p <u>o</u> et
2.	A. r <u>e</u> ligion	B . s <u>e</u> parate	C. d <u>e</u> signer	D. <u>e</u> dition
II. <u>Ch</u>	oose the best answ	<u>er then circle</u> . (2m)		
3. We	e hope that jeans will	be never out of		
	A. date	B. work	C. fashion	D. order
4. I th	ink that wearing cas	ual clothes makes students	self-cor	nfident.
	A learn	B. say	C. play	D. feel
5. Da	isy: Hello. You must	be Lan.		
La	n:			
A. from?	U	B. I'm sorry. I don't know.	C. Ok. Let's go. D. \	Where are you
6. I d	on't have a house no	ow. I wish Ia hous	e now.	
	A. am	B. had	C.was) . have
7. Th	eygo shop	pping when they were child	ren.	

A.used	B. use to	C. used to	D. not used to
8. No, I haven't seen Ho	oa2010.		
A. for	B. while	C. from	D. since
9. A new hospital	next year .		
A. will be built	B. is built	C. will build	D. has built
10. I her for six	years .		
A.has known	B. have known	C. know	D. knew
PART 2: .READING (2	5ms)		

I. Complete the passage with the words given in the box. (For questions from 11 to 16)(1.5<u>ms)</u>

television chats likes in getting websites
--

HOBBIES

There are four people in my family. Each of us has a different hobby. My dad (11) reading newspapers because he can get the latest news every morning. However, my mom enjoys watching (12) and reading magazines. Mom often spends hours reading articles about fashion and cooking. Unlike my parents, my brother only loves exploring (13) about airplanes. He spends most of his free time (14) information about the history and development of aircraft. He also writes emails or (15) with his friends about his hobby. For me, I am really interested

(16) listening to music. I love listening to music on the FM radio. I also like music program on TV on Sundays.

II. Read the following passage and choose True (T) or Flase (F) statements (For questions from 17 to 20) : (1 m)

Ha noi is a very interesting city. There are many things that a tourist can do there. There are several museums which tourists can visit. The History museum is on Pham Ngu Lao Street and the War museum is on Dien Bien Phu Street. Tourists can see stories about Vietnam's past in both museums. The War museum is full of old weapons and tourists can take photos of them.

It is also possible to organize a tour and tourists can hire a small bus or a taxi and go to several villages nearby. There is a village where you can see people making noodles and another where they make silk. Lastly there is a Snake village, where tourist can see live snakes .

- 17. Tourists can visit several museums in Hanoi.
- 18. The History museum and the War museum are on Pham Ngu Lao Street .
- 19. We can see old weapons in the War museum.
- 20. Tourists can't take photos in the War museum.

PART 3: WRITING (2.5ms)

I. Arrange the words to make meaningful sentences (1m).

21. They / to / prefer / clothing / wear / modern / at / work./

22. All / schools / the / be / will / to / improved / city / the / have / in / soon./

.....

II) . Rewrite the following sentences as directed: (1.5ms)

23.She will solve the problem soon.(change into passive voice)

24.She (not / see)..... him since 2008 (complete the verb into correct tense)

.....

25. I don't have a new bike .(Rewrite the sentence using "I wish")

.....

PART 4: LISTENING (2.5ms)

I: Listen and fill in the gap with one suitable worD.(1.25 ms)

In the 18th century jean cloth was made completely from (26)...... and workers at that time loved wearing it because the material was very strong and it didn't (27)..... out easily. In the (28)....., many university and college students wore jeans. designers made different styles of jeans to match the 1960s'fashions: embroidered jeans, painted jeans and so on. In the 1970s more and more people started wearing jeans because they became cheaper. In the 1980s jeans finally became high fashion clothing, when famous (29) started making their own styles of jeans, with their own labels on them. Sales of jeans went up and up. But in the 1990s the worldwide economic situation got worse, and the sale of jeans stopped growing. However, jeans have never been out of (30), and today young generation is still fond of wearing them.

II. Listen to the dialogue about her family. Circle the correct sentence. (1.25 ms)

- 31. A. She has one sister
 - **B.** She has one sister and two brothers
- 32. A. Her sister is younger than her.
 - **B.** Her sister is older than her.
- 33. A. Her father died many years ago.
 - B. Her father died 10 years ago.
- 34. A. Her mother works in a hospital
 - B. Her mother teaches at a university
- 35. A. Her mother teaches psychology
 - B. Her mother teaches history

ÐÁP ÁN

PART 1: LANGUAGE COMPONENT (2.5ms)

I. Choose the word whose <u>underlined</u> part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,5 pt)

(mỗi câu đúng 0.25 điểm)

1. A 2. B

II. Choose the best answer then circle. (2m) (moi câu đúng 0.25 điểm)

3. C	4. D	5. A	6. B
7. C	8. D	9. A	10. B

PART 2: READING (2.5ms)

I. Complete the passage with the words given in the box. (For questions from 15 to 20) (1.5ms)(mõi câu đúng 0.25 điểm)

11. likes 12. television 13. websites 14. getting 15. chats 16. in

II. Read the following passage and choose True (T) or Flase (F) statements (For questions from 11 to 14) : (1 m) (mõi câu đúng 0.25 điểm)

17. T 18. F 19. T 20. F

PART 3: WRITING (2.5ms)

I. Arrange the words to make meaningful sentences (1m). (mối câu đúng 0.5 điểm)

21. They prefer to wear modern clothing at work.

22. All the schools in the city will have to be improved soon.

II. Rewrite the following sentences as directed: (1.5ms) (moi câu đúng 0.5 điểm)

23. The problem will be solved (by her) soon

24. has not seen

25. I wish I had a new bike

PART 4: LISTENING (2.5ms)

I : Listen and fill in the gap with one suitable worD.(1.25 points) (mỗi câu đúng 0.25 điểm)

26. cotton 27. wear 28. 1960s 29. designers 30. fashion

Audio script:

In the 18th century jean cloth was made completely from <u>cotton</u> and workers at that time loved wearing it because the material was very strong and it didn't <u>wear</u> out easily. In the <u>1960s</u>, many university and college students wore jeans. designers made different styles of jeans to match the 1960s'fashions: embroidered jeans, painted jeans and so on. In the 1970s more and more people started wearing jeans because they became cheaper.

In the 1980s jeans finally became high fashion clothing, when famous **designers** started making their own styles of jeans, with their own labels on them. Sales of jeans went up and up. But in the 1990s the worldwide economic situation got worse, and the sale of jeans

stopped growing. However, jeans have never been out of **fashion** and today young generation is still fond of wearing them.

II. Listen to the dialogue about her family. Circle the correct sentence. (1.25ms)

(mỗi câu đúng 0.25 điểm) 31. A 32. B 33. A 34. B 35. A

Audio script:

Man: Do you have any brothers and sisters? Woman: Yes. I have one sister. Man: Who is older, you or your sister? Woman: My sister is older than me. Man: Do you get along with your sister? Woman: Yes, we get along okay. Man: How about your parents? Woman: My father died many years ago. Man: I'm sorry to hear about that. Woman: My mother is fine though. She is very strong and back to work. Man: What does your mother do? Woman: She teaches at a university. Man: That's great. What does she teach? Woman: She teaches psych. Man: Pardon me. I do not understand. Woman: She teaches psychology. Man: Psychology. I understand now. Woman: How about you? Are you married? Man: I'm not married yet. I had a girlfriend for many years but we broke up. Woman: I'm sad to hear that.

10. Đề thi giữa HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 10

	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỪ I
TRƯỜNG THCS TRẦN PHÚ	Môn Tiếng Anh 9
	Thời gian: 45 phút

PART A. LISTENING. (2.5ms) I/ Listen and choose the correct option. (1.25 ms)

1. Mary is years old.

- **A.** 5
- **B**. 6
- **C.** 3
- **D.** 13

2. She was last seen minutes ago.

- **A.** 20
- **B.** 15
- **C.** 30

- **D.** 12
- 3. Mary has hair.
- A. long dark
- B. short dark
- C. brown
- D. blue
- 4. She may be carrying a (an)
- A. bag
- B. dog
- C. umbrella
- D. doll
- 5. If you see Mary, please bring her to
- A. the Car fair
- B. the main entrance
- C. the Information Desk
- D. her home

Statements	T (True)	F (False)
1. A little girl is reported missing.		
2. She goes to the car pair.		
3. She is wearing a short sleeved white blouse.		
4. She is wearing a pair of shoes, brown shoes.		
5. Her mother's waiting for her at the Information Desk.		

PART B. LANGUAGE FOCUS (2.5ms)

I/ Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest. (0.5m)

1. A. pr <u>i</u> mary	B. div <u>i</u> de	C. compr <u>i</u> se	D. rel <u>i</u> gion
2. A. stopp <u>ed</u>	B. impress <u>ed</u>	C. enjoy <u>ed</u>	D. work <u>ed</u>

Đáp án: 1. D; 2. C

II/ Choose the best answer to complete the sentences. (1.5ms)

ELib

- 1. Jame wishes his father here now to help him. A. is **B**. were C. will be **D.** would be 2. French with native people yet ? **A.** Did you learn B. Were you learning C. Do you learn **D.** Have you learnt 3. Do you wear costumes on National Days? A. tradition **B.** traditional **C.** traditionally **D.** traditions 4. I was very impressed.....the efficiency of the staff. A. on B. to C. by D. in 5. Her Jeans look very nice. A. embroidered B. embroider C. embroidering D. embroidery 6. Ringgit is the unit ofin Malaysia. A. money **B.** lesson **C.** currency **D.** language Đáp án: 1. B; 2. D; 3. B; 4. C; 5. A; 6. C **III**/ Supply the correct form of the words in parentheses to complete the sentences. (0.5m) 1. To Huu is a famous..... (poetry). 2. Do you have a costume in your country. (nation)
- Đáp án: 1. poet; 2. national

PART C. READING (2.5ms)

I/ Read the passage then decide whether the statements are true (T), false (F) (1 m)

Hi. I am a student of a secondary school in Hanoi. I am in grade 9. I always wear school

uniform on school days: a white shirt and dark blue trousers. But on weekends, I usually wear casual clothes, such as an open-neck shirt or a T-shirt, jeans and sport shoes because they are very comfortable and convenient and I can play football, ride a bicycle or go somewhere easily. My favorite colors are red and blue.

Statements	т	F
1. He is a student at a university in Hanoi.		
2. He sometimes wears school uniform.		
3. He likes wearing casual clothes because they are comfortable.		
4. He likes strong colors such as red and blue.		

Đáp án: 1. F; 2. F; 3. T; 4. T

II/ Read the passage and write answers to the questions that follow. (1,5ms)

Singapore is an island city of about three million people. It's a beautiful city with lots of parks and open spaces. It's also a very clean city.

Most of the people live in high-rise flats in different parts of the island. The business district is very modern with lots of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In Chinatown, there are rows of old shop houses. The government buildings in Singapore are very beautiful and date from the colonial days.

Singapore is famous for its shops and restaurants. There are many good shopping centers. Most of the goods are duty free. Singapore's restaurants sell Chinese, Indian, Malay and European food, and the prices are quite reasonable.

1. Is Singapore an island city?

→
2. What is the business district very modern with?
→
3. Where do most of people in Singapore live?
→
4. What is Singapore famous for?
→
5. Are there a lot of good shopping centers in Singapore?
→
6.What do Singapore's restaurants sell?
→
→
Dáp án

1. Yes, it is.

- 2. The business district is very modern with lots of high new office buildings.
- 3. Most of the people live in high-rise flats in different parts of the island.
- 4. It is famous for its shops and restaurants.
- 5. Yes, there are.
- 6. Singapore's restaurants sell Chinese, India, Malay and Europe food.

PART D. WRITING (2.5ms)

I/ Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (1m)

1.It's a pity I can't play the guitar well.

- \rightarrow I wish.....
- 2. The last time I saw him was 3 years ago.
- \rightarrow I haven't
- 3. Ba usually went swimming when he was a child.
- \rightarrow Ba used to.....
- 4. They grow rice in tropical countries.
- → Rice.....

Đáp án:

- 1. I wish I could play the guitar well
- 2. I haven't seen him for 3 years.
- 3. Ba used to go swimming when he was a child.
- 4. Rice is grown in tropical countries.

II/ Write a paragraph about 80 – 100 words, using the out line: (1.5ms)

Vietnamese women should wear the ao dai at work

Outline

Wearing the ao dai

- + encourages them feel proud of the traditions and customs
- + makes them more beautiful and charming
- + is practical . No need to think of what to wear at work everyday .